

STATE POLITICS.

CONVENTION OF THE REPUBLICAN LEAGUE AT TOPEKA.

New Officers Elected and Preparations Made For a Lively Campaign in the Fall.

Mrs. Laura M. Johns and Other Female Politicians Organize an Association to Take Part in the Fight.

William Higgins Affirms That Governor Anthony's Bond Was on File in the Office of the Secretary of State When Osborn Took Charge. The Senate Puts the Salaries of the Penitentiary Officers Back to the Old Figures—Notes.

Special Dispatch to the Daily Eagle.

TOPEKA, Kan., March 10.—Today was a field day for the Republican party. The State Republican league, over 600 strong, who came in during yesterday and last night, met in the Grand opera house this morning at 10:40 o'clock and commenced immediately to do Republican business at the old stand, but with many new attractions, which appealed strongly to sentiment and patriotism alike. The resolutions were framed in great part by Hon. E. N. Morrill, the able chairman of the resolutions committee, and they bore hard on the populists and against the revolutionary action taken by Governor Leawell and the populist senate. The Republicans and Democrats of the legislature were earnestly commended for the gallant and patriotic way in which they stood up for the state, the constitution and the law, and against the revolutionary action taken by Governor Leawell and the populist senate. The resolutions were unanimously adopted. Major Morrill was called upon for a speech, and said, in part:

"We met confronting a Democratic national administration and an opposition state administration. I must confess that every Republican in Kansas should hang his head with shame on account of the present state administration. It is the most disgraceful and corrupt administration that ever controlled any state. I would as soon look for purity in the present administration as for an ice-cream in hell. The Republicans of Kansas are honest, the people of Kansas are honest—more so than politicians have given them credit. They believe in honest money and an honest administration."

Colonel D. R. Anthony was called upon and made a brief speech. He reviewed the unpleasantness at the state house and insisted that, in his opinion, the fighting should have commenced when George L. Douglas was elected speaker. He offered the following resolution:

"Resolved, That the Republican state central committee of Kansas be earnestly requested to appoint delegates to the state convention based upon population, thereby giving the Republicans of Kansas the same representation as in all other states in the nation, and the same proportionate strength accorded by all national Republican conventions."

J. H. Burton was elected to the stand and made one of his inimitable speeches, wherein he laid down the lines of the campaign work as he understood the present necessities.

An adjournment was then taken until afternoon, when the following officers were unanimously elected:

President—J. L. Bristow of Salina. Secretary—C. M. Sheldon of Burlington. Treasurer—W. L. Higgins of Emporia. When Mr. Higgins was elected a committee was sent to the house of representatives to bring him before the league. When he entered he was greeted with a perfect storm of applause, and delivered an address full of fire. One of his striking remarks was: "But higher than the tariff, higher than finance, higher than anything higher and clearer than any other question—the question which will confront us during the coming campaign—the law and the government against anarchy and revolution."

The Republican women of the state, coming as delegates from various clubs, met at the Grand Army hall and perfected the organization of the Woman's Republican association. About eighty women were present, and were most earnest in the work. They elected the following officers:

President—Mrs. Laura M. Johns of Salina. Vice president—Mrs. Minnie Morgan of Cottonwood Falls. Secretary—Mrs. J. M. Miller of Council Grove. Treasurer—Mrs. Mattie Leland. This organization is preparing to take an active part in the coming campaign.

HOUSE AND SENATE.

TOPEKA, Kan., March 10.—In the house there was a stormy time over the adoption of the legislative appropriation bill, which was recommended by the conference committee. The bill provides, in addition to the payment of the Republican members, officers and employees, for the payment of all the employees of the Dunsmore house but Ben C. Rich, and for all the flat men, was whom Speaker Douglas and J. M. Dunsmore were seeking to remove, recommending there were 76 votes for the bill in the house and practically no opposition to it in the senate. Among the items is \$1,400 for the Copeland hotel for food for the Republican members besieged during the

late trouble. Mr. Dunsmore made a fight against this item. There is also an item for \$25 to pay for the damage to the door shattered by Mr. Douglas' sledge hammer. The senate this morning put the salaries of the wardens, deputy wardens and physician of the penitentiary back to the old figures, and sent the bill back to the house. The house passed the senate bill for the protection of game and songbirds. The work of the session is being rapidly closed up in both houses now. The Australian ball bill has become law. The session according to the house amendments. The house had no evening session, but the senate was grinding away on routine business.

ANTHONY'S BOND. TOPEKA, Kan., March 10.—George T. Anthony, in a statement published this morning, says that he was re-elected by the executive council on April 1st, and that he qualified according to law; that his securities justified in the sum of \$100,000, and that the document was afterwards delivered by him in person to Secretary of State Higgins. Secretary Osborn, when his attention was called to Mr. Anthony's statement this morning, said:

"There is not a word of truth in it. Anthony never filed a bond in this office for his second term. I make this statement from the records in my office kept by me as predecessor, William Higgins. Here is the record book. You may look through it for yourself. There is not a line in it showing that he presented a bond for approval, that the bond was approved, or that even a commission was ordered to be issued to him. Further than that, the bond book does not show that he filed a bond. The only bond filed by him in this office was when he was first elected four years ago."

Speaker Douglas this afternoon received the following telegram from ex-Secretary of State Higgins, who is in Chicago:

"Dispatches here state that the bond and oath of Anthony can not be found in the secretary of state's office. They were turned over to Osborn. The proof of this is beyond question. If not there, they have been stolen from Osborn. I have wired him. The trick won't hold water."

"WILLIAM HIGGINS."

WHAT THEY ARE GOOD FOR.

BRANDRETH'S PILLS are the best medicine known.

First—They are purely vegetable, in fact a medicated food.

Second—The same dose always produces the same effect—other purgatives require increased doses and finally cease acting.

Third—They purify the blood.

Fourth—They invigorate the digestion and cleanse the stomach and bowels.

Fifth—They stimulate the liver and carry off vitiated bile and other depraved secretions.

The first two or three doses tell the story. The skin becomes clear, the eye bright, the mind active, digestion perfect, costiveness cured, the animal vigor is recruited and all decay arrested.

Brandreth's Pills are sold in every drug and medicine store, either plain or sugar coated.

CHINESE WHO OUGHT TO GO.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 10.—A bloody feud of large proportions is now on among the Highlanders of Chinatown, and yesterday morning the third victim selected within three days narrowly escaped slaughter. The two others lie on slabs in the morgue. This vengeance was called out by the refusal of certain Chinese to aid the Highlander societies in circumventing the law.

Two days ago a secret meeting of representatives of Highlander societies was held and four men were doomed. Two were selected for immediate vengeance. One of these was Yick Kee, a merchant of Dupont street. Yick Kee's crime was refusing to endorse the statements made in a false report and certificate, upon which it was recently attempted to land Yee Coo, a Chinese woman. The other man's crime was in notifying the police on Dec. 17, last, that a woman representing herself as the wife of Quan Shun had been lured from the Belgic on a false certificate, and for other similar information to the police.

Five men were selected to carry out the work of assassination, four of them belonging to the Sing on Thong, and the fifth to the Hing on Thong. The meeting was held on the night of Feb. 29, and the victims were warned the following day of their doom. One of them rushed, terror-stricken, to Chief Crowley's office to ask that he be allowed to wear a coat of mail and carry a pistol to protect himself, but failed to find the chief. Since then he has not dared to venture out of his home.

Eight days after the meeting, a Chinaman, who resembles Yick Kee in appearance and dress, was followed by five Highlanders, the number selected at the meeting, and was shot down in broad daylight on Stockton street, where Yick Kee had intended his intention of being that afternoon. On Wednesday, thirty-six hours later, Chung Qui was fatally shot in a gambling den on Sullivan alley, and there are strong grounds for suspecting that he was the fourth victim.

Early yesterday morning another attempt was made to secure a victim, a few shots being fired from a second story window in the rooming house where the victim was being held. The police could get no clue to the assassins, but Chinese living near said they saw several Highlanders in the rooming house, which the shots came from. It is a new wrinkle in assassination for Highlanders to hire a room and from it do their fighting or murder. This thing spreads it wide to the police, for the police to catch any of the assassins, as they can escape through the secret passages in large lodging houses.

The Chinese are becoming so bold and dangerous that they have threatened to take the lives of white people who interfere with them in their murderous work. They have also approached white people and warned them that it would not be pleasant if they testified in cases in which they were being tried for murder. The police have been again notified to arrest all suspicious looking characters in Chinatown, search them, and, if weapons of any kind are found in their possession, arrest them.

As a result, Cheong Chu, a villainous looking Chinaman, was stopped on Jackson street, where he was carrying a big revolver was found on him. The Highlanders are oiling up their pistols, and placing all available weapons in condition for fighting, and when they come together again it is expected that more than one life will be lost.

THE FOUNTAIN HEAD OF STRENGTH. When we recollect that the stomach is the grand laboratory in which food is transformed into the secretions which furnish vigor to the system after entering and enriching the blood; that it is, in short, the fountain head of strength, it is essential to keep this important supporting machine in order, and to restore it to activity when it becomes inactive.

This Hostetter's Stomach Bitters does most effectively, seasonably, regulating and reinforcing digestion, promoting due action of the liver and bowels. Strength and quietude of the nerves depend in great measure upon thorough digestion. There is no nerve tonic more highly esteemed by the medical fraternity than the Bitters. Bitters also strongly commend it for this and for rheumatism, indigestion, bilious trouble, sick headache, and want of appetite and sleep. Take a winglassful three times a day.

RAILWAY NOTES. ST. LOUIS, March 10.—It is learned here from the best authority that the traffic congestion of St. Louis is to be relieved at an early date. The St. Louis Terminal Way association has bought, it is said, the Compton avenue baseball park of five city blocks, which will be immediately tracked and put in use. The new yards are well located for connection with the old yards. A belt railway is to be built around the city.

CHICAGO, March 10.—Chairman Caldwell of the Western Passenger association has issued a call for a special meeting to be held on March 17th, to discuss world's fair rates.

WEATHER BULLETIN.

WEATHER BUREAU. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE. WICHITA, Kan., March 10, 1933. Forecast for Wichita and vicinity—Colder and fair until noon Sunday, then warmer.

During the past twenty-four hours the highest temperature was 68, the lowest 48, and the mean 58, with partly cloudy weather, a thunderstorm and .99 inch of rain about 3 a. m.; fresh south winds shifting towards night to high west (33 miles per hour) and brisk northwest.

The average temperature for March so far 43°.

For the past four years the average temperature for the month of March has been 42° and for the 10th day 43°.

FRED L. JOHNSON, Observer.

The following dispatch was received last night: "WASHINGTON, March 10. 'Holst' cold wave signal; temperature will fall 15 to 20 degrees by Saturday night."

WASHINGTON, March 10.—Following is the forecast until 8 p. m. Saturday.

For Missouri—Local rains; much colder, northerly winds, Saturday evening; probably cold wave.

For Kansas—Generally fair, preceded by local rains in the eastern portion Saturday morning; much colder; northerly winds and moderate cold wave in eastern portion.

THE PANAMA TRIAL.

PARIS, March 10.—The Panama trial was resumed today. M. Stephano, clerk for M. Prosper Barthelemy, testified concerning his experience with the list of more than 100 conspicuous men, who were compromised by the Panama scandal. He received the list from Baron de Reinach, and after the latter's death, delivered it to M. Clemenceau.

M. Deschamps said that he had taken Artion's list of compromised men to Baron de Reinach, and that he had given it to him. Charles Plouquet, ex-premier and ex-president of the chamber of deputies, was the next witness. Before examining him the judge had M. Clemenceau read his testimony as to the contribution of 300,000 francs made at M. Plouquet's request to the fund for the campaign against General Boulanger in the department of the Nord. M. Plouquet replied at once, in a loud but natural tone:

"I repeat the story already made by me before the examining magistrate. The manner of acting and speaking attributed to me by M. de Lesseps is entirely foreign to my personal knowledge. As to the matter, it was much worse than if I had brought pressure to bear on him, as he claims everybody else did."

"Nevertheless, we have proofs that Baron de Reinach sent money to you as minister in 1888," said M. de Lesseps.

"I don't understand what you mean," replied M. Plouquet.

A loud protest came from the court, and several persons shouted, "Tell the truth!"

Both M. de Lesseps and M. Plouquet tried to make statements, but neither could be heard more than a few feet away. Each denied flatly the truth of what the other said.

M. Clemenceau, the next witness, denied that Dr. Herz had received some 600,000 francs for the favor of La Justice toward the company.

M. de Freycinet, looking tired, followed M. Clemenceau. "I sent for Charles de Lesseps," said M. de Freycinet. "I advised him to avoid a lawsuit with Baron de Reinach."

Asked about statement, M. de Lesseps said: "I do not and have not disputed that M. de Freycinet spoke to me in the interest of the republic. It was in the same interest that I gave Baron de Reinach millions."

If you are bilious, take BRECHAM'S PILLS.

THE ANN ARBOR STRIKE. TOLEDO, O., March 10.—There is imminent danger of the Ann Arbor strike spreading to the connecting lines. A meeting of engineers of all the roads entering this city was held this afternoon, at which Assistant Chief Youngston presided. It was decided to handle any strike by the Ann Arbor line as a strike of the company, as that as soon as that company has any to offer its connections the engineers on those lines will go out on strike.

A morning passenger train, was burnt out when a short distance from this city. The company claims that the fire occurred because of a defective boiler.

KANSAS, Mich., March 10.—When the afternoon train on the Toledo, Ann Arbor and Northern Michigan road arrived here today a crowd of 300, composed of railroad men and citizens, was at the depot, and gazed at the engineer unmercifully. As the train pulled out a hunk of ice was thrown at the cab.

The engineer pulled a revolver and the crowd fled. The train was arrested, but was released. The Grand Rapids and Indiana railroad refuses to take any freight from the Toledo, Ann Arbor and Northern Michigan railroad, as their engineers will not haul it.

OWASSO, Mich., March 10.—The trades union of Owosso has decided to hold all the Michigan local unions of Toledo, Ann Arbor and Northern Michigan railway strikers.

THE WOMEN'S SOUVENIR. CHICAGO, March 10.—The board of lady managers of the world's fair is laying plans for the distribution of 40,000 25-cent souvenir coins, the issue of which was authorized by congress some time ago in honor of the women of the country, and in recognition of the work done by the ladies of the board. The coin will be of an extremely artistic and beautiful design, and the issue will be one of perfect interest, and involving the same care and painstaking as were given to the making of the Columbian half-dollar.

The woman's coin will be stamped with the portrait of Isabella of Spain, the first coin ever issued by this government bearing the portrait of a woman.

A TOUGH KILLED. PIERRE, S. D., March 10.—A courier arrived here today with the information that a number of Indian policemen had shot and killed Bill Fielder, a noted squawman. Fielder demanded some money from his Indian wife, and, being refused, struck her, fracturing her skull. He resisted the Indian police, who were sent to arrest him and was shot dead. United States Commissioner Lund today sent two deputy marshals to the reservation to arrest the police on the charge of manslaughter. Trouble is expected.

THE CLEARINGS. NEW YORK, March 10.—The clearings for the week ending March 9 at Kansas City were \$1,555,645, an increase of 27.3 per cent at St. Joe, \$2,125,228, an increase of 21.2 per cent; at Wichita, \$433,394, a decrease of 16.2 per cent; at Topeka, \$398,988, an increase of 19.5 per cent; at Emporia, \$48,013, a decrease of 100 per cent. The total clearings for the United States were \$1,801,839,735, an increase of 2.9 per cent.

THE GERMAN ARMY BILL. BERLIN, March 10.—The military committee of the reichstag today rejected the first clause of the army bill, fixing the effective force of the German army in time of peace at 392,000 men, exclusive of officers and non-commissioned officers, and also rejected Herr Richter's amendment retaining the present effective force until December, 1935. The remaining three clauses were rejected.

TURF WINNERS. NEW ORLEANS, March 10.—Winners: Mountain Quail, Loflin, Jr., India, The Judge, Alphonse.

NEW YORK, March 10.—Guttenberg winners: Fenslon, Lady Hibban, Vierge, L. O. U., McMurtrie.

FRANCIS JOSEPH TO ABDICATE.

PARIS, March 10.—The Figaro states that it has grave news from Buda Pesth. It is in effect, that Francis Joseph is about to abdicate in favor of his brother, Archduke Charles Louis. Should this prove true, great changes are impending in European politics, as the emperor is strongly in favor of an alliance with Russia.

A BROKEN GORGE.

WILKES BARRE, Pa., March 10.—The ice gorge in the Susquehanna river broke this evening. The town of Plainville is flooded. In all the small towns along the river houses are surrounded with water.

FALLING WALLS.

CHICAGO, March 10.—The falling of a new building at Sixty-fifth and State streets this afternoon buried beneath the debris a half-dozen men, four of whom were badly injured, Frank Simmons fatally.

TOM REED LECTURES.

CHICAGO, March 10.—Thomas B. Reed, speaker of the fifty-first congress, made his first appearance as a lecturer before a Chicago audience last night at Central Music hall.

KEENE'S DENIAL. NEW YORK, March 10.—James R. Keene states that the story telegraphed from Chicago that he had joined with certain parties for a large operation in wheat is utterly destitute of truth.

SHE HOLDS THE LEVER.

A Woman to Run the First World's Fair Train. Miss Ida Hewitt, of Cairo, W. Va., said to be the only female locomotive engineer in the world, has been engaged by the women commissioners of the world's fair to run the first train over the grounds on the opening day of the exhibition, and will leave for Chicago about a week before the day appointed for the opening.

Miss Hewitt has had an extensive wardrobe prepared for her use during the fair, one of her unique costumes being that of a Spanish girl of the fourteenth century, which she will wear on the engine during her first trip. She is a brunette beauty, and the costume suits her admirably.

In reply to a proposition made to Miss Hewitt to become a member of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, it is reported that she replied that while she could not find it in her heart to become a brother to them she would be a sister as long as she lived.

The commissioners are said to have had a great deal of trouble inducing her to run the engine at the fair, as she shrank from appearing as "a sort of a freak."

THE COMMON GENDER. Difficulties Occasioned by a Lack of Fertility in Our Language.

There really seems to be no hope for women which we class as common gender, so that we shall perhaps forever hear our servants refer to their "lady friend" or their "gentleman cousin," says a writer in New Peterson.

Nor can we desire such a complete differentiation that would compel us to be strictly logical in giving the feminine of "Michigan," or constrain us to follow an example already set in reference to a woman's convention as "moving in the even soprano of their ways."

This latter might be improved upon by saying mezzo-soprano of her way. But, joking aside, how are we to refer to the presiding officer of an assembly of women? Will Mrs. President do? Or shall we, in our rules of parliamentary practice, suggest the chair? Perhaps this would answer. But suppose the chair appoints a committee, and in announcing the members desires that Mrs. A. should preside at the deliberations of this committee, how shall she indicate it? Shall she say:

"I appoint Mrs. A. chairman" or chairwoman? This latter leaves too close a resemblance to chairwoman to be popular, and, in the broad pronunciation of some, might be mistaken for it. Would it do to say chairmistress? If not, what shall we advise? Again, we are likely soon to see women on our juries, and it is more than probable that one of them would be selected to render the verdict. In such an event confusion might result, inasmuch as our statutes prescribe the functions of the foreman. Shall these cases, as soon as they admit women on the jury, revise their statutes in this regard? If so, what change must be made—foreman or forewoman? foreman or foremistress? or what?

Signers of the Mexican Constitution. There are fifteen of the original signers of the constitution of Mexico still living, and they are arranging to hold a grand reunion some time this month. Eighty of the original signers are dead. Those still living are Congressmen Guillermo Prieto and Justino Fernandez, Senators Francisco Abarrá Ramos and Jose A. Gombos, Benito Gomez Pardo, Manuel Domínguez, Ignacio Mariscal and Felix Ballester. Seven have retired from political life, viz: Messrs. Manuel Buenrostro, Pedro Ignacio Irygoyena, Blas Balancón, Ignacio L. Valiente, Jose L. Revilla, Manuel Fernandez Soto and Benito Quintana.

Gen. Peck died it almost impossible to get a correct list of Vermonters residing outside of the state, but he hopes in this way to receive many responses to his request. Of course "the roll of honor," of which he speaks, will be of the greatest interest to Vermont soldiers, their relatives and friends in future years.

THE BROKEN CLAVICLE. That Was the Cost of a Famous Singer's Thrice Repeated Effort.

Fifty years ago European audiences listened with rapt admiration to Rubini, a tenor, of whom it was said that, though he himself could not act, he made his voice act for him. The intensity of expression he gave to his voice, the judicious use of the tremolo, and the management of light and shade produced a thrilling effect. But his great vocal feat consisted in taking the B flat of the upper octave without preparation, sustaining it for a long time, and then letting it imperceptibly fall away. The listeners could hardly believe their ears, says the Youth's Companion.

The adventurous are always on the edge of danger. On one occasion Rubini, after repeating this vocal feat, and being a second time encircled, found himself unable to produce the expected note. Determined not to fail, he gained up his vocal strength and made a supreme effort. The note came with its wonted power, brilliancy and duration, but at the cost of a broken clavicle.

A surgeon examined the singer and found that the tendon of the lunge had been too powerful for the strength of his collar-bone. Two months' rest would be required to reunite the clavicle, and this the singer declared to be impossible, as he had only finished several days of a long engagement.

"Can I sing at all with a broken clavicle?" he asked.

"Yes; it will make no difference in your voice," answered the surgeon.



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Rubini continued to sing with a broken clavicle until the termination of his engagement.

Rare Kelle on Wheels. A wagon supposed to be about 115 years old will be exhibited in the transportation building. The vehicle is of quaint design and belonged to the late Nancy Standish Welles, of Wethersfield, Conn., who, by the way, was a direct descendant of Capt. Standish and also of Thomas Welles, at one time colonial governor of the Connecticut colony.

On the Face of It. "Where are you going, my pretty maid?" "I'm going a-milking, sir," she said. "What is your fortune, my pretty maid?" "My face is my fortune, sir," she said. "Exactly what is your pretty maid?" "My pretty maid, sir," she said. "And the lovely head wound slowly over the brow." —Life.

Defined. The Professor: "What is happiness?" The Philosopher: "The condition of forgetting that you are unhappy."—Chicago News Record.

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